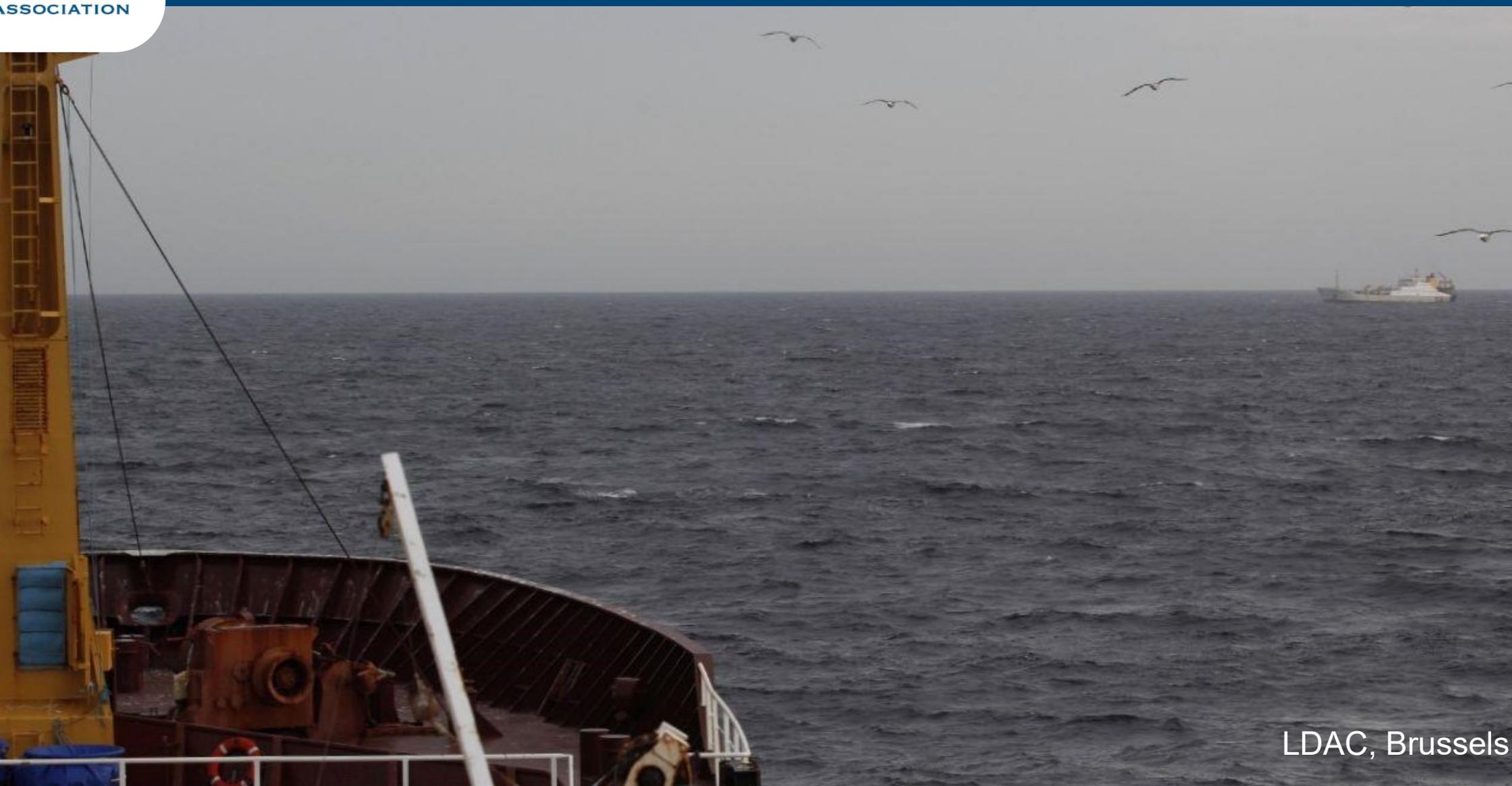




Self-sampling approach for long-distance fish

Martin Pastoors (PFA Chief Science Officer)





A Guide to Making
Your Science Matter

ESCAPE from the IVORY TOWER

Foreword by Donald Kennedy

Nancy Baron



Fishermen are the eyes and the ears at sea ...



but how can we make fisheries data & knowledge count?



How could this work in the case of distant-water fisheries ?



Three steps to get to get to the redfish



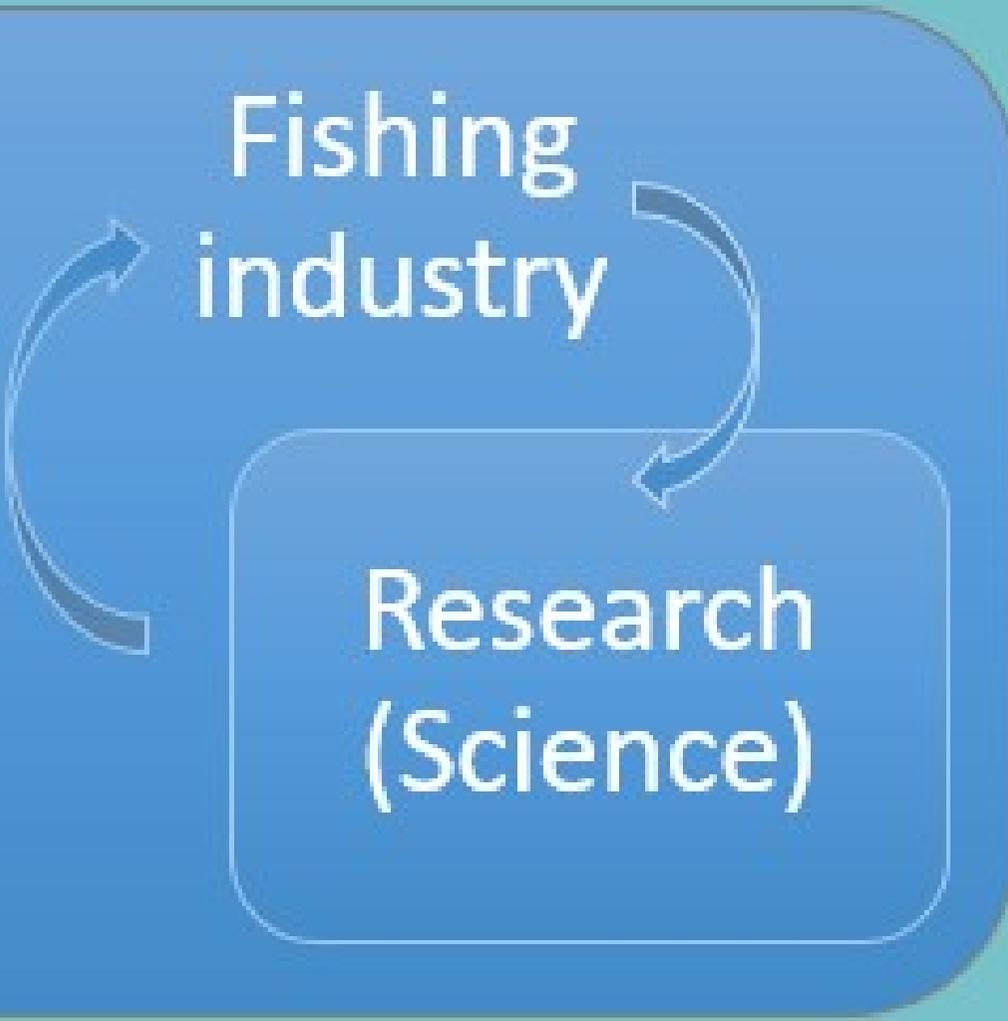
g-industry
ce



Pelagic self-
sampling approach



Application to
redfish etc.

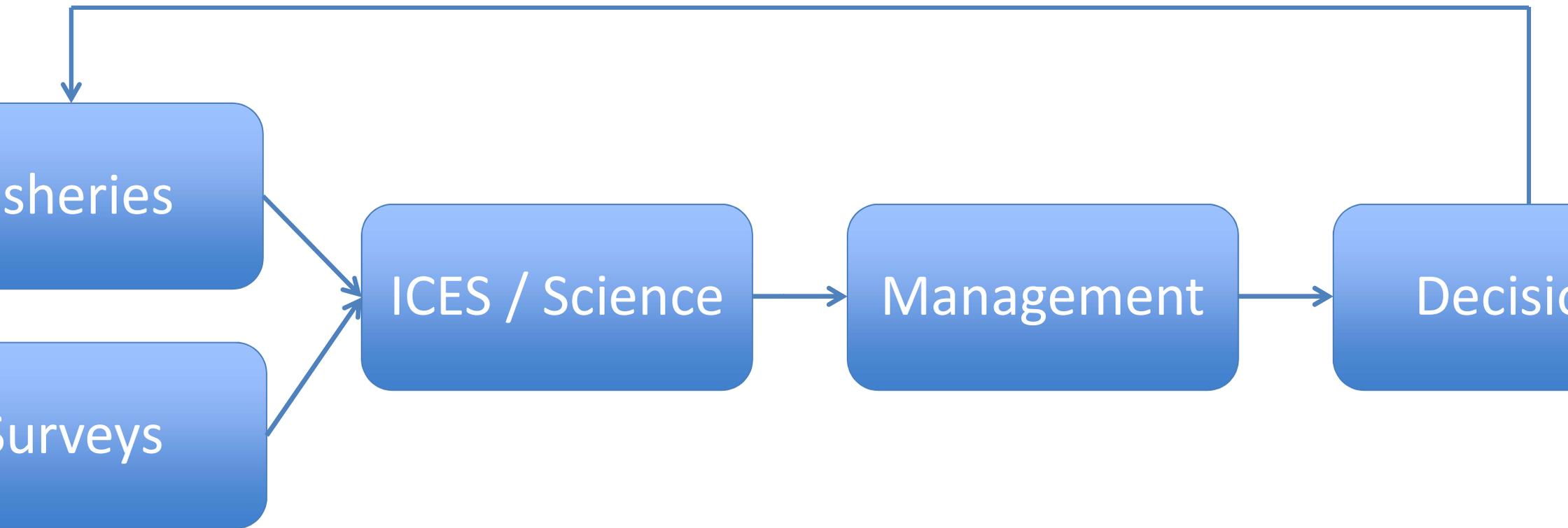


Fishing
industry

Research
(Science)

1. Why fishing-
industry science?

The traditional linear model of fisheries science



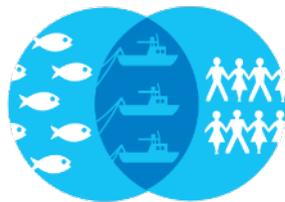
Limited feedback !!

Research projects have demonstrated value of engagement



myfish

Maximising yield of fisheries
while balancing ecosystem
economic and social concerns



GAP

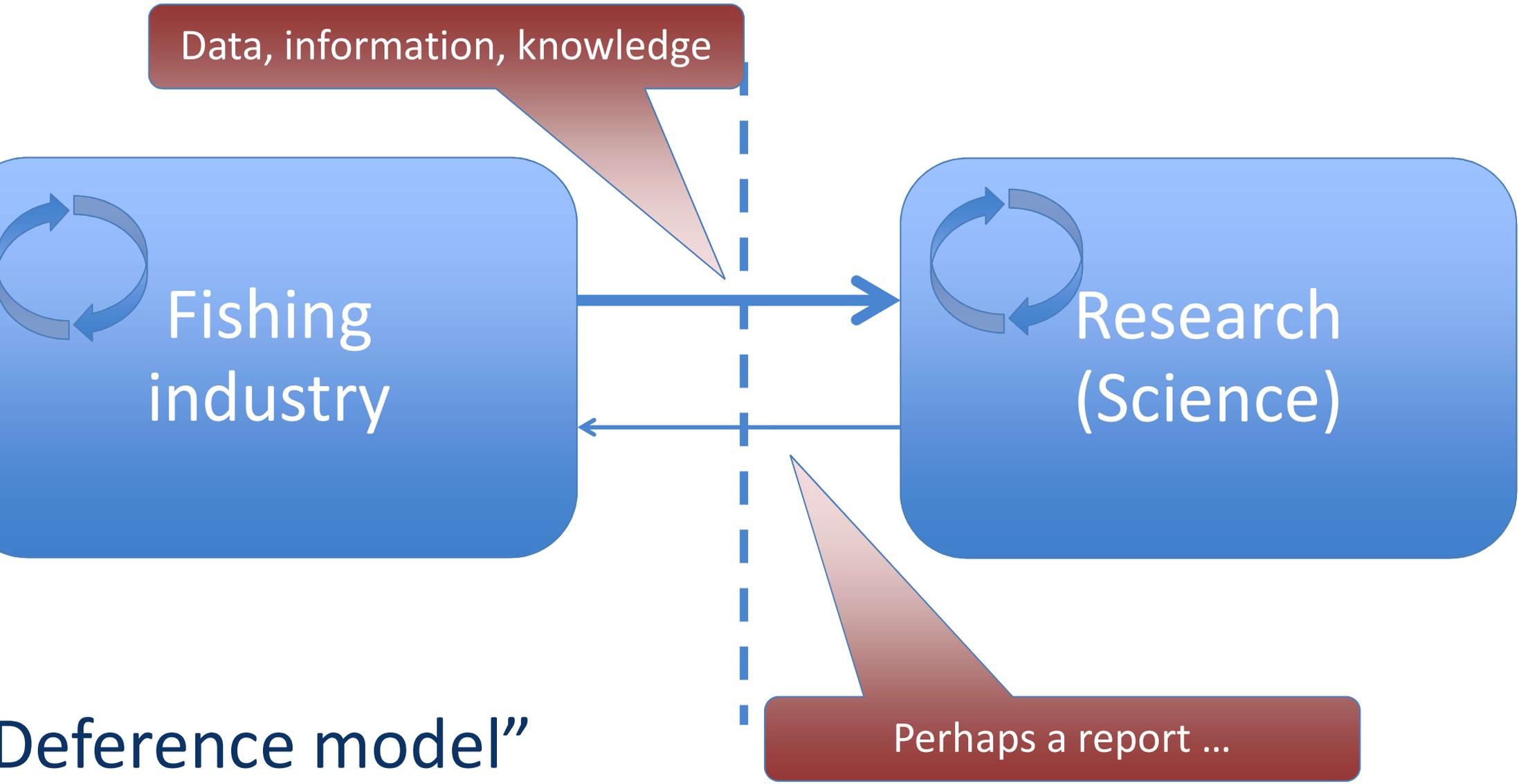
Connecting Science
Stakeholders and Policy

Canadian Fisheries
Research Network



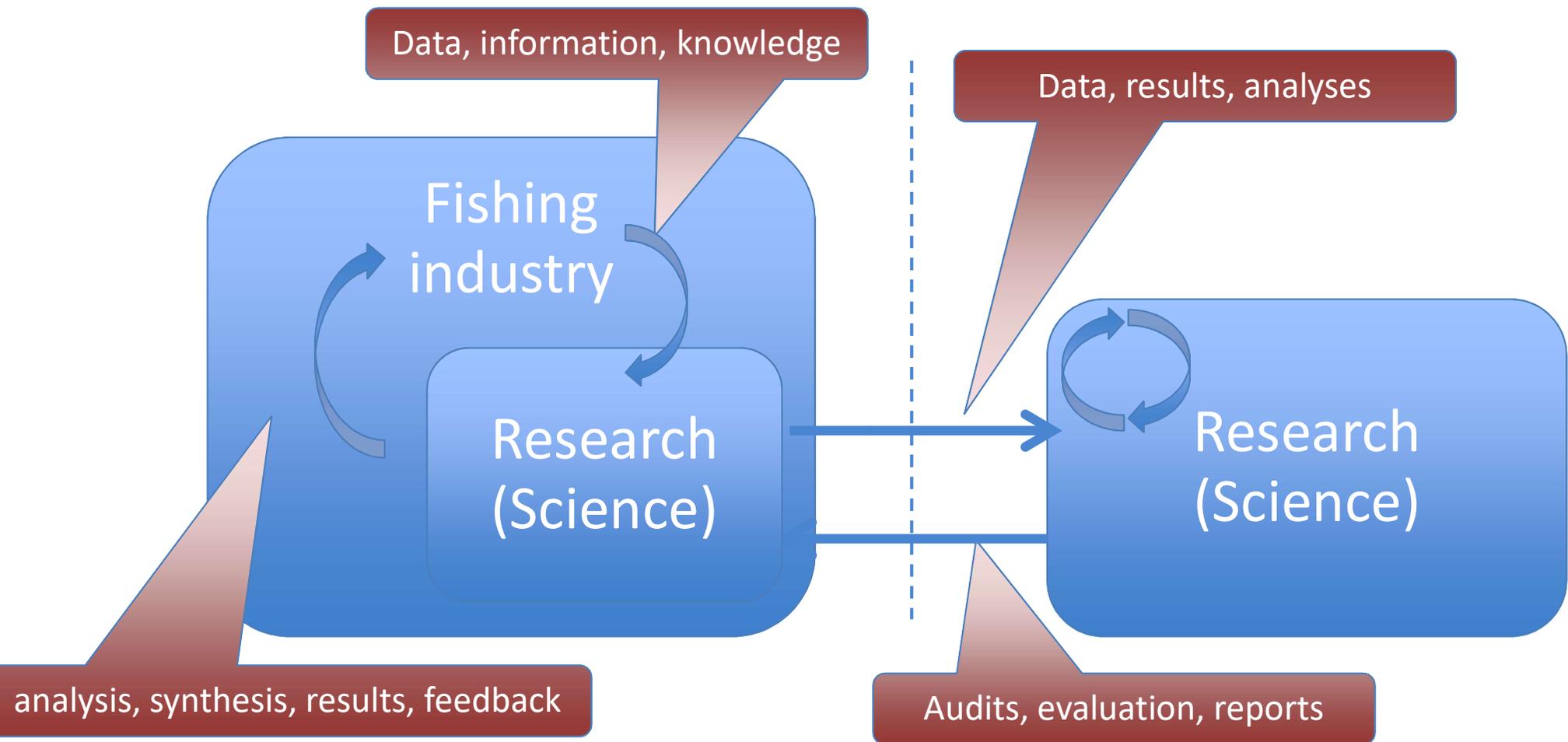
Réseau canadien de
recherche sur la pêche

but so far, the exchange was mostly 'over the border



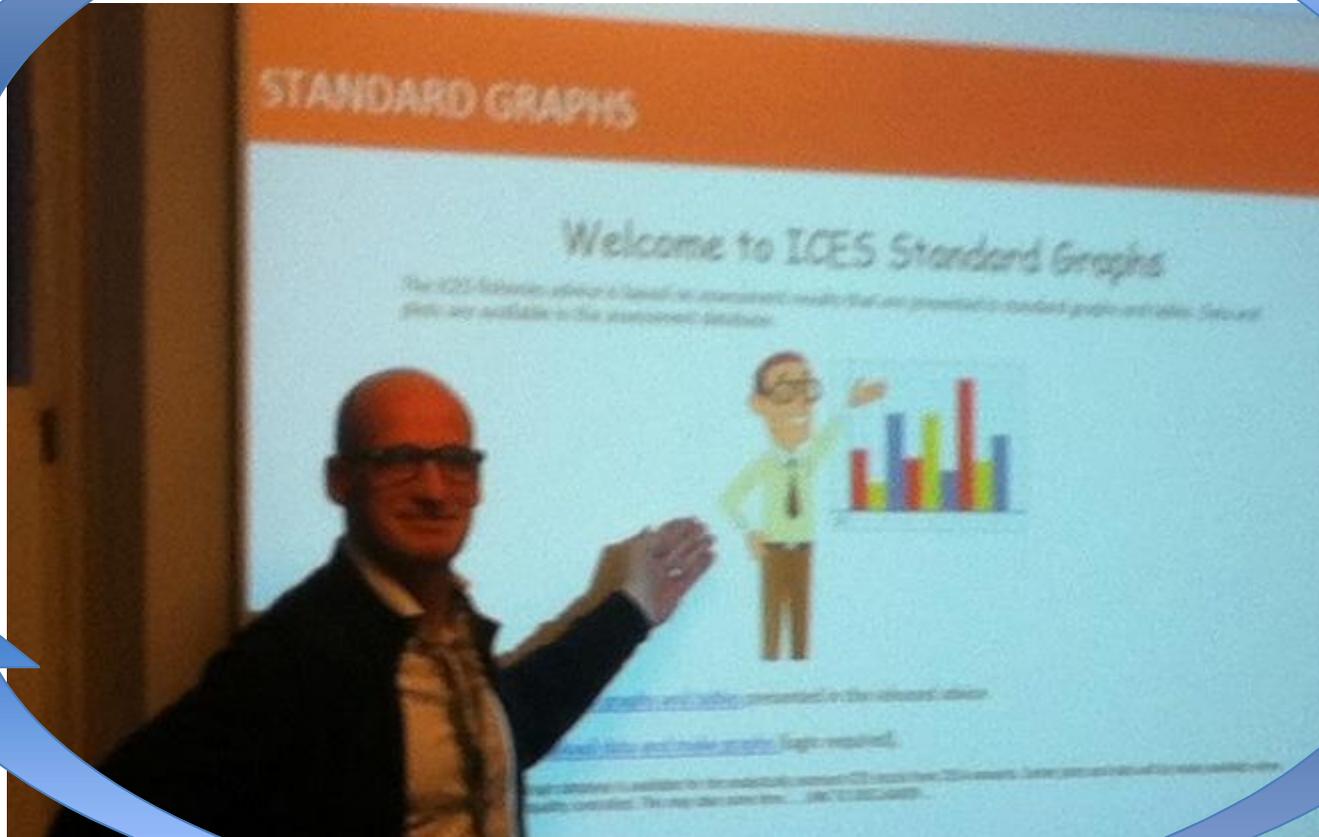
Deference model”

Fishing-Industry Science: integrates science in industry



important (essential) to personally deliver data to science

Data and knowledge



Fisheries

Science
(e.g. ICES)

Results + what are key issues?

shing-industry science

A new of fishing-industry to engage with science

Making data and knowledge count

Using brokers to bring information to the right place

Address the needs of science

Make science and management better !!



2. Pelagic self-sampling approach

Research & Knowledge strategy 2015 - 2018

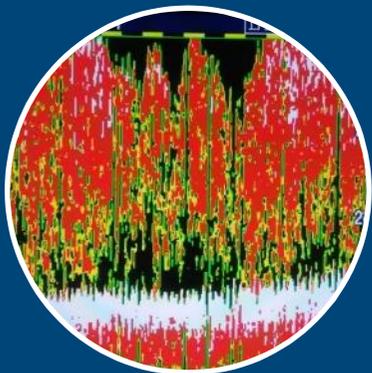


Ambition

PFA (*Pelagic Freezer-trawler Association*) is committed to initiate, develop, contribute and sustain knowledge development that is needed for sustainable management and exploitation of fish stocks in all areas where PFA members are active.

**Catching with care
for a better world.**

FA research programme 2014-2018



Vessel
acoustics



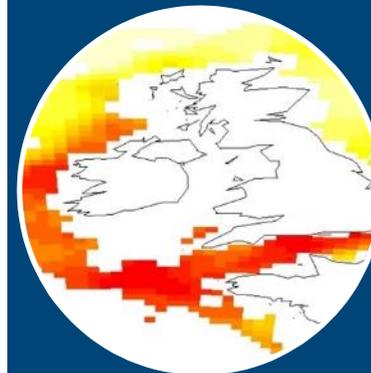
Improve
selectivity



Assess
impacts



Collaborate
with industry
and NGOs



Contribute to
science



Con

standardized data-entry protocols

C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	U	ver
haul	date	shoot time	haul time	shoot lat	shoot NS	shoot long	shoot EW	haul lat	haul NS	haul long	haul EW	surface temp	headline temp	Wind direction	Windforce (Bft)	headline depth	water depth	mesh size	ver
1	10/08/2017	13:00	19:45	71°32'	N	003°18'	E	72°00'	N	003°02'	E	8.9	2.9	NE	3.0	410	1500		
2	11/08/2017	03:10	21:20	71°52'	N	002°48'	E	71°40'	N	003°10'	E	9.2	2.8	NE	4.0	410	1500		
3	12/08/2017	02:20	23:20	71°45'	N	004°30'	E	72°38'	N	006°29'	E	9.5	3.0						
4	13/08/2017	03:00	23:25	72°39'	N	005°31'	E	72°36'	N	005°29'	E	9.5	3.0						
5	14/08/2017	02:15	21:15	72°37'	N	005°29'	E	72°43'	N	005°35'	E	9.5	2.8						
6	15/08/2017	00:10	19:55	72°44'	N	005°42'	E	72°24'	N	003°07'	E	9.6	2.8						
7	15/08/2017	22:00	19:50	72°27'	N	005°33'	E	72°29'	N	005°20'	E	9.5	3.0						
8	16/08/2017	23:40	21:10	72°10'	N	004°30'	E	72°06'	N	003°20'	E	9.6	3.8						
9	17/08/2017	23:45	20:30	72°14'	N	003°24'	E	72°10'	N	005°10'	E	9.5	3.7						
10	18/08/2017	22:40	21:00	72°11'	N	005°45'	E	72°10'	N	005°50'	E	9.6	2.8						
11	19/08/2017	23:55	21:55	72°08'	N	005°51'	E	72°14'	N	006°30'	E	9.5	2.6						
12	21/08/2017	00:20	20:40	72°13'	N	006°16'	E	72°13'	N	006°56'	E	9.5	2.7						
13	21/08/2017	22:45	21:15	72°14'	N	006°47'	E	72°18'	N	005°56'	E	9.5	3.3						
14	23/08/2017	00:00	22:15	72°19'	N	006°24'	E	72°14'	N	005°46'	E	9.2	3.0						
15	24/08/2017	00:30	20:45	72°14'	N	005°40'	E	71°50'	N	003°22'	E	9.2	3.8						
16	24/08/2017	23:30	21:15	71°42'	N	003°52'	E	70°48'	N	006°05'	E	9.2	3.7						
17	26/08/2017	02:00	23:10	71°11'	N	006°47'	E	72°13'	N	007°10'	E	9.2	3.9						
18	27/08/2017	01:30	19:10	72°20'	N	007°08'	E	72°22'	N	006°24'	E	9.5	3.0						
19	28/08/2017	01:25	23:25	72°23'	N	006°33'	E	72°24'	N	007°04'	E	9.5	3.0						
20	29/08/2017	04:15	21:15	72°50'	N	008°10'	E	73°08'	N	007°45'	E	9.5	2.9						
21	30/08/2017	04:20	17:00	73°11'	N	007°38'	E	73°11'	N	007°36'	E	9.3	2.7	N	4.0	420	1500		
22	30/08/2017	20:00	13:15	73°16'	N	007°26'	E	72°53'	N	008°18'	E	9.3	3.0	NW	4.0	420	1500		
23	31/08/2017	15:40	07:45	72°55'	N	008°14'	E	73°03'	N	007°52'	E	9.1	3.0	VAR	2.0	420	1500		
24	01/09/2017	10:30	07:00	73°03'	N	007°57'	E	73°02'	N	007°38'	E	8.9	3.0	S	4.0	420	1500		
25	02/09/2017	11:00	03:30	73°30'	N	008°06'	E	72°52'	N	008°23'	E	8.9	2.9	SW	5.0	415	1500		
26	03/09/2017	06:30	04:15	72°48'	N	008°12'	E	72°52'	N	008°09'	E	8.9	2.8	SW	4.0	430	1500		
27	04/09/2017	07:15	04:45	72°48'	N	008°19'	E	73°10'	N	007°31'	E	9.2	3.0	SW	4.0	430	1500		
28	05/09/2017	06:45	04:30	73°11'	N	007°33'	E	72°19'	N	008°59'	E	9.2	2.9	S	3.0	430	1500		
29	06/09/2017	06:30	05:00	72°25'	N	009°01'	E	72°33'	N	008°40'	E	9.3	3.0	SE	3.0	410	1500		
30	07/09/2017	07:00	05:15	72°25'	N	008°16'	E	72°25'	N	008°18'	E	9.2	2.2	S	4.0	420	1500		



Started small in the beginning of 2015



Afrika



Zeeland



Sandtjie



Wiron 5+6



Carolien



Frank Bon



Cornelis Vrolijk



Prins Bernhard



Label Normandy



Annie Hillina



Willem van der Zwan



Annelies Ilena



Margiris



Jan Maria



Maartje Theadora



Helen Mary



Now covering most of the fleet !



Afrika



Zeeland



Sandtjie



Wiron 5+6



Carolien



Frank Bon



Cornelis Vrolijk



Prins Bernhard



Label Normandy



Dirk Dirk



Annie Hillina



Willem van der



Annelies Ilena



Margiris



Jan Maria



Maartje Theadora



Helen Mary



Expansion in number of vessels, trips and measurements

year	nvessels	ntrips	ndays	catch	nlength
2015	8	43	758	134,804	122,315
2016	11	98	1,539	302,089	157,365
2017	15	122	2,037	388,782	293,674

Feed-back via standardized trip reports for the vessels

Vessel tripreport H171, trip 2017135

start: 2017-12-08, end: 2017-12-10
 end position: 50.5, 0.01

Summary of the trip

parameter	summary	min	max	std
catch	1000	0	1000	1000
duration	24	0	24	10
depth	100	0	100	50
temperature	10	0	10	5

Summary of the catch

species	count	weight	length
mac	100	1000	30
bar	50	500	25

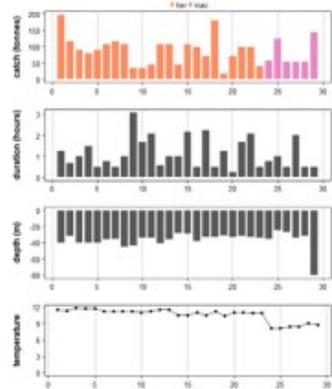


Figure 1: Total catch per species and time (hours), total duration (hours), fishing depth (m) and water temperature at fishing depth (°C)

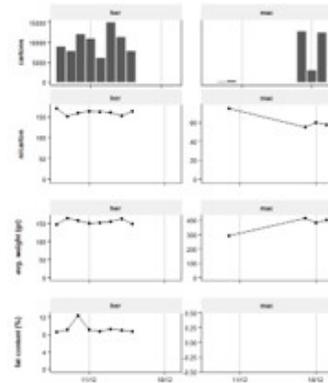


Figure 2: Number of vessels, number of fish per vessel, average weight and fish survival (%) per day



Figure 3: Total catch per haul (tonnes/haul). Shows the first haul position. Size is total haul position

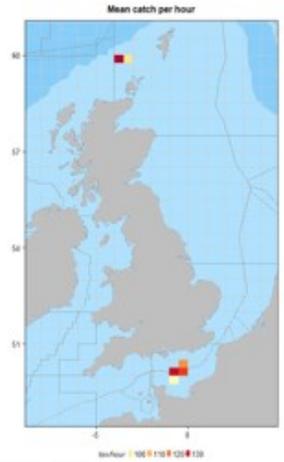


Figure 4: Total catch per hour per square (tonnes/hour)

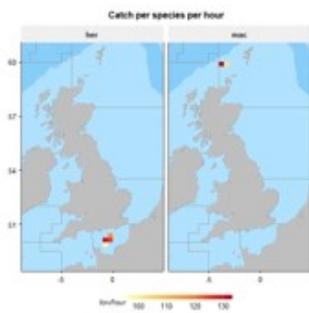


Figure 5: Average catch per hour (tonnes/hour) per species

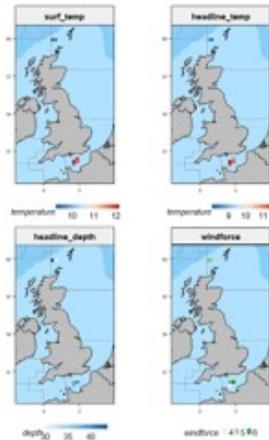


Figure 6: Average surface and headline temperature (°C), headline depth (m) and headline windforce (day block, windforce if not reported was not available)

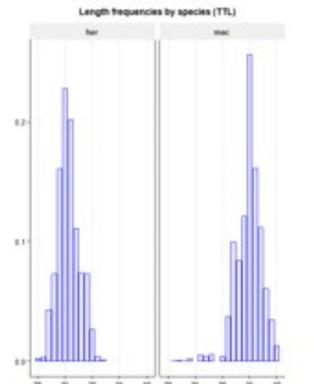


Figure 7: Relative length frequencies by species, only shown when more than 100,000 fish were caught

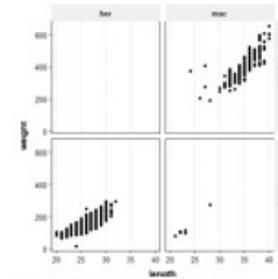
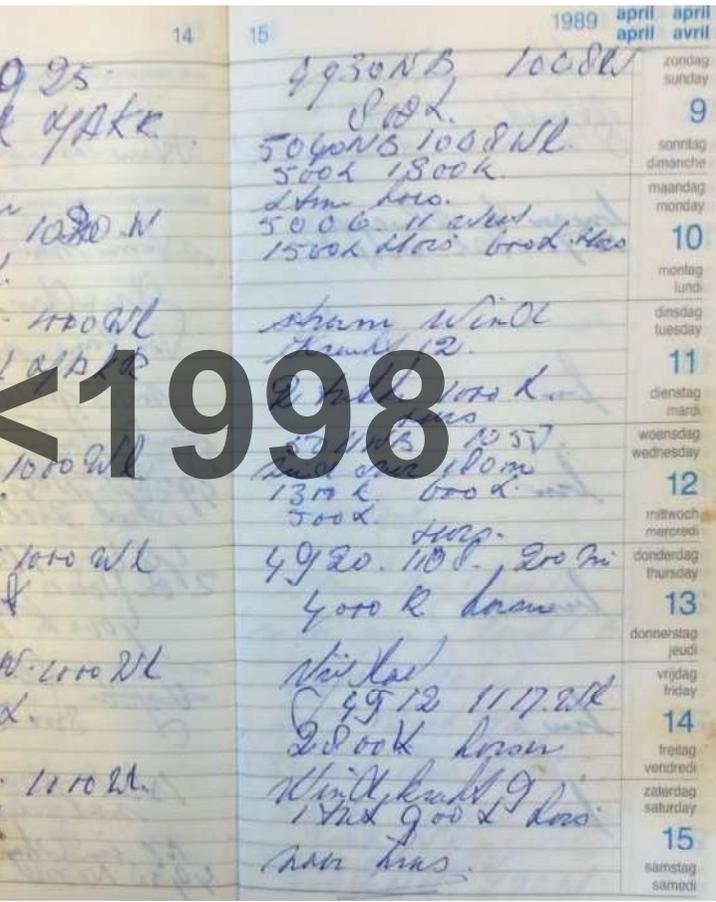


Figure 8: Length weight relationship of individual fish measurements

pend time on vessels. Show results. Build trust.



histories: skipper's 'diaries' (haul by haul) + self-sampling



<1998

Paper diaries

Excel spreadsheet showing a structured table of haul data. The table has columns for 'Nr.', 'begin trek', 'uitzetten', 'breedte', 'lengte', 'halen', 'Tijd', and 'Positie begin trek'. A large green checkmark is overlaid on the right side of the spreadsheet.

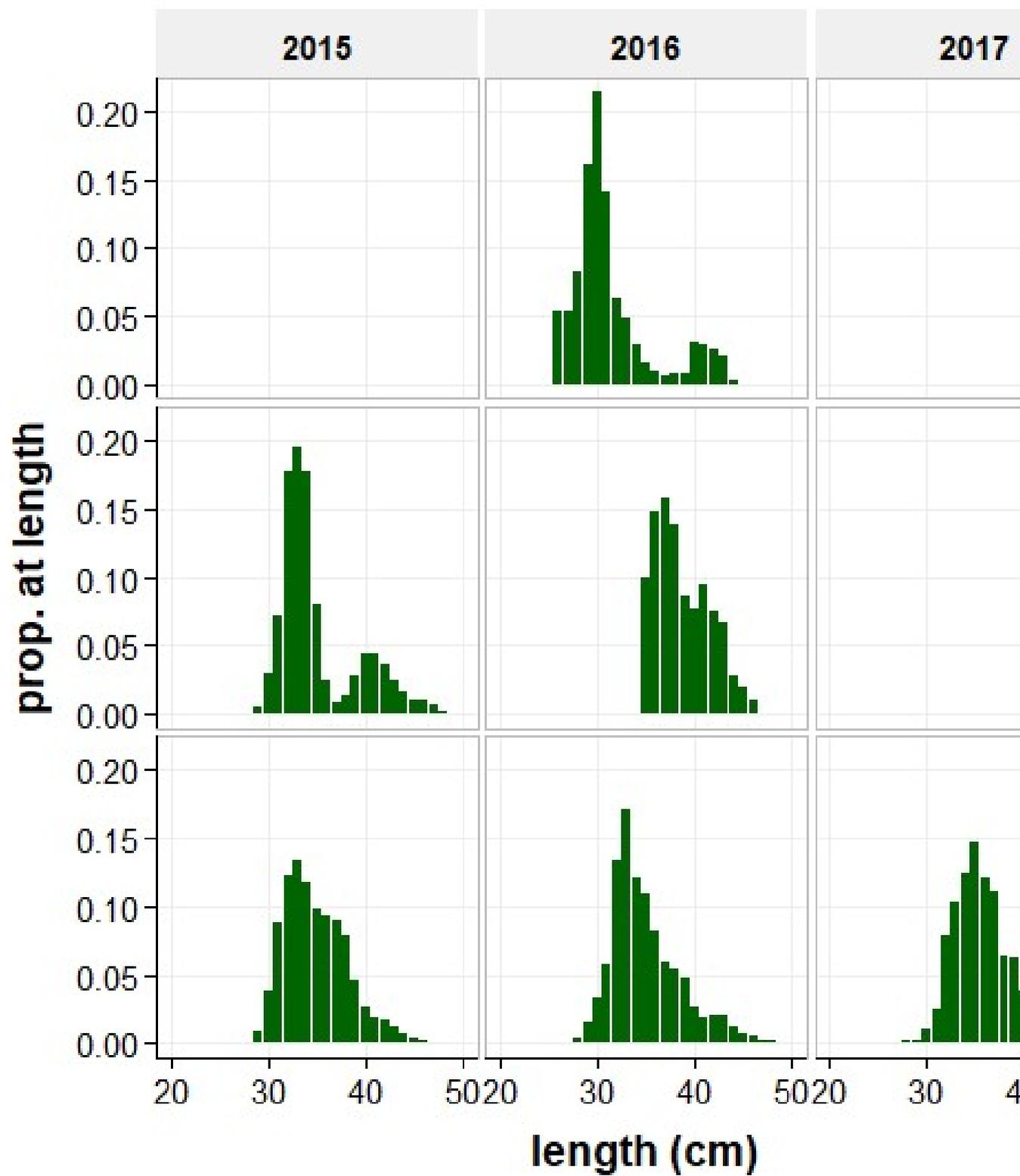
	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L
3	Trek	Datum	Tijd	Positie begin trek						Tijd	
4	Nr.	begin trek	uitzetten	breedte	lengte					halen	
5	1	12-03-11	10:15:00	56	- 27	9	- 02	w		13:15:00	56
6	2	12-03-11	15:00:00	56	- 16	9	- 07	w		18:00:00	56
7	3	12-03-11	22:15:00	55	- 56	9	- 09	w		3:00:00	55
8	4	14-03-11	7:45:00	53	- 52	11	- 00	w		9:45:00	53
9	5	14-03-11	21:50:00	53	- 09	13	- 27	w		2:45:00	53
10	6	15-03-11	11:00:00	53	- 03	13	- 38	w		11:30:00	53
11	7	16-03-11	9:00:00	51	- 25	11	- 45	w		12:45:00	51
12	8	16-03-11	10:00:00	51	- 12	11	- 15	w		21:00:00	51
13	9	17-03-11	5:00:00	51	- 42	11	- 35	w		7:30:00	51
14	10	17-03-11	9:15:00	51	- 50	11	- 37	w		11:15:00	51
15	11	17-03-11	15:30:00	51	- 42	11	- 35	w		19:30:00	51
16	12	18-03-11	0:15:00	51	- 57	11	- 43	w		3:30:00	52
17	13	18-03-11	5:00:00	52	- 08	11	- 46	w		6:00:00	52
18	14	18-03-11	11:45:00	52	- 11	11	- 28	w		12:45:00	52
19	15	18-03-11	10:30:00	52	- 55	11	- 46	w		20:50:00	52
20	16	19-03-11	8:30:00	52	- 24	11	- 41	w		9:45:00	52
21	17	19-03-11	12:15:00	52	- 18	11	- 40	w		15:45:00	52
22	18	19-03-11	17:00:00	51	- 55	11	- 42	w		22:30:00	51
23	19	20-03-11	8:30:00	51	- 43	11	- 38	w		3:15:00	51
24	20	20-03-11	6:00:00	51	- 37	11	- 31	w		11:00:00	51
25	21	20-03-11	13:00:00	51	- 45	11	- 45	w		15:00:00	51
26	22	20-03-11	17:30:00	51	- 49	11	- 42	w		22:00:00	51
27	23	21-03-11	7:00:00	51	- 05	11	- 22	w		8:00:00	51
28	24	21-03-11	10:15:00	51	- 03	11	- 22	w		0:00:00	51
29	25	21-03-11	16:00:00	51	- 04	11	- 22	w		0:00:00	51
30	26	22-03-11	8:30:00	51	- 11	11	- 28	w		11:45:00	51

Excel diaries

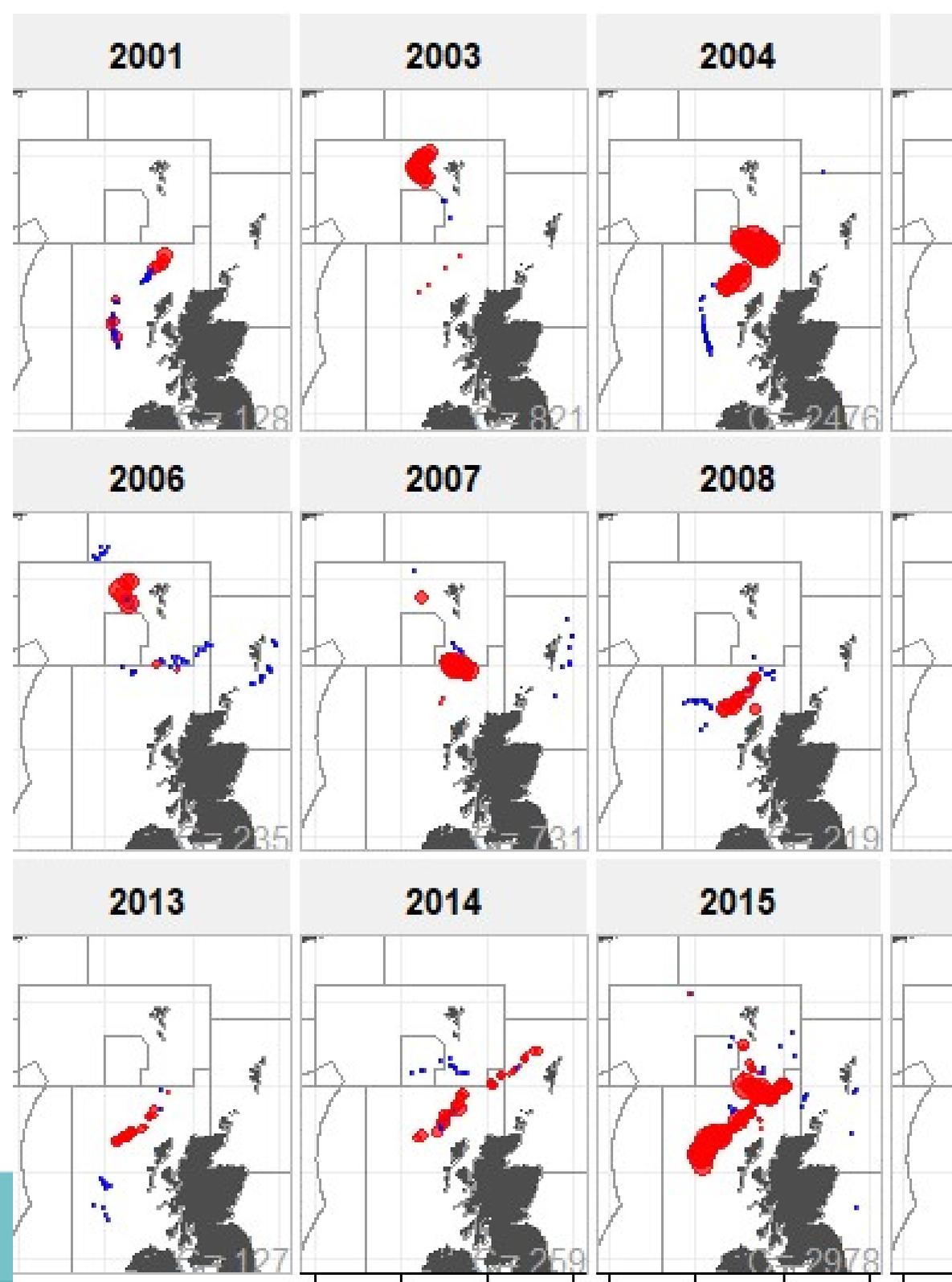


Self-sampling

ing a difference:
length information
Argentines



ing a difference:
historical catch rates
skipper's logbooks





Report on 2016 research projects

M.A. Pastoors

REPORT ON THE 2016 INDUSTRY-SCIENCE SURVEY
WESTERN BRITISH ISLES (ICES DIV 6A, 7BC)

Steven Mackinson¹, Martin Pastoors², Susan Lusseau³, Eric Armstrong⁴,
Dick de Haan⁴, Raoul Kleppe², Mike O'Malley⁵, Andrew Campbell⁵,
Wiseman².

- ¹ Scottish Pelagic Fishermen's Association, Scotland.
- ² Pelagic Freezer Trawler Association, Netherlands
- ³ Marine Scotland, Scotland
- ⁴ Wageningen Marine Research, Netherlands
- ⁵ Marine Institute, Ireland



(Ister Irvine), Wiron 5&6 (Jan Melis), Quantus (Mark Buchan), Unity (Stephen
Atlantic Challenge (Stevie McSharry), Annie Hillina (Henk Krijgsman).

7/03/2017)
report: Mackinson, S., Pastoors, M., Lusseau, S., Armstrong, E., Fässler, S.,
O'Malley, M., Campbell, A., Clarke, M., Wiseman, A. 2017. Report on the 2016
survey of herring in the Western British Isles (ICES div 6a, 7bc). 82pp

Relagic self-sampling approach

Great commitment of skippers and crew

Gradual building up of number of participating vessels

Feedback is a crucial element !!

PFA as recognized knowledge partner

- Providing key biological knowledge on target species
- Providing unique information on data-deficient species

Fishing-industry scientists as linking pin with science



3. Could this work for redfish and other distant-water fisheries?

Yes

Step-by-step approach

Hire a scientist !

Assessment of needs: what data makes the difference?

- Benchmark workshops are a useful mechanism

Protocol for data collection

- Descriptions + software (ensure harmonized data)

Mechanism for receiving and transforming data

Generating trip report

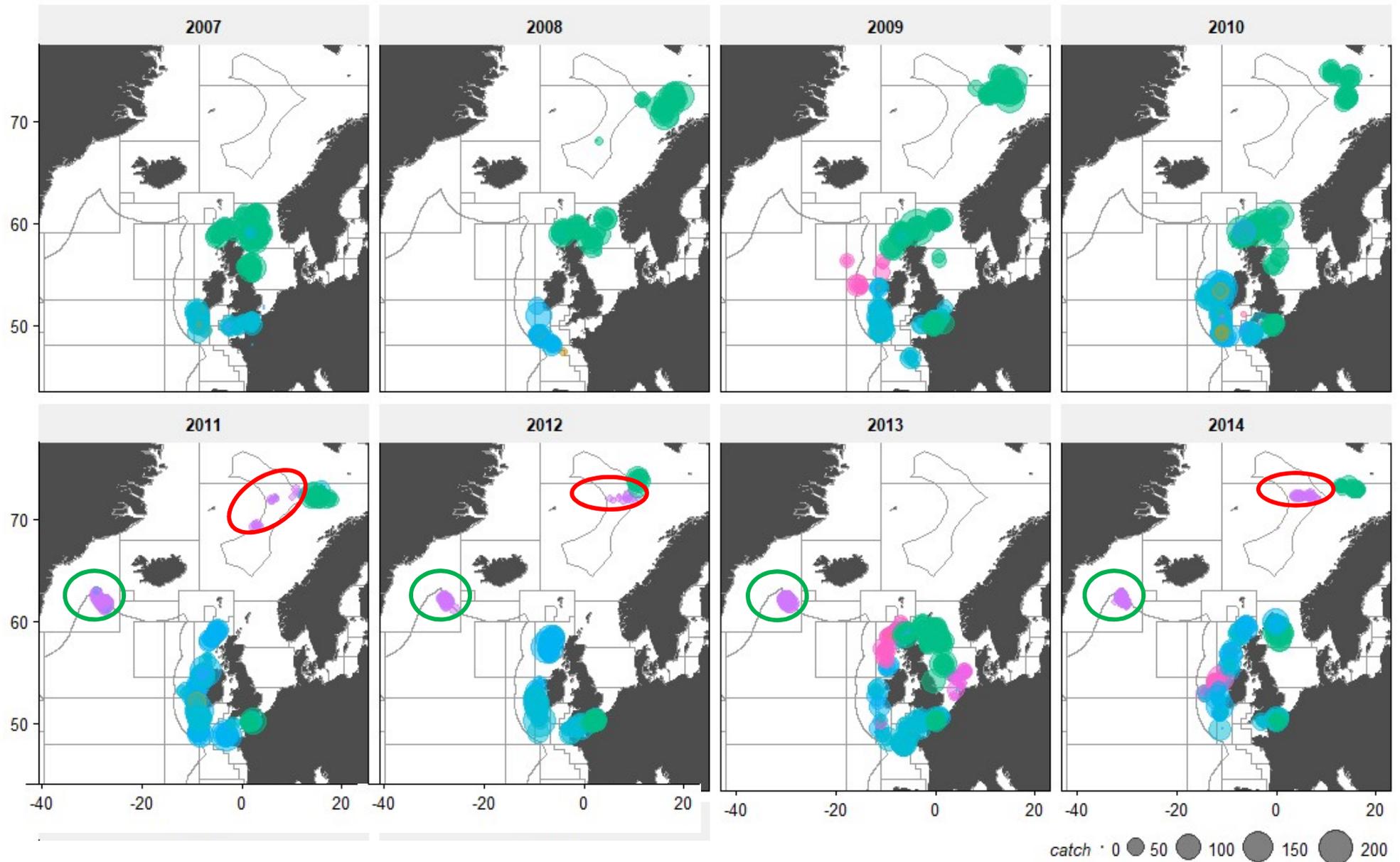
Generating reports for scientific groups

Presenting results to scientific groups (in person)

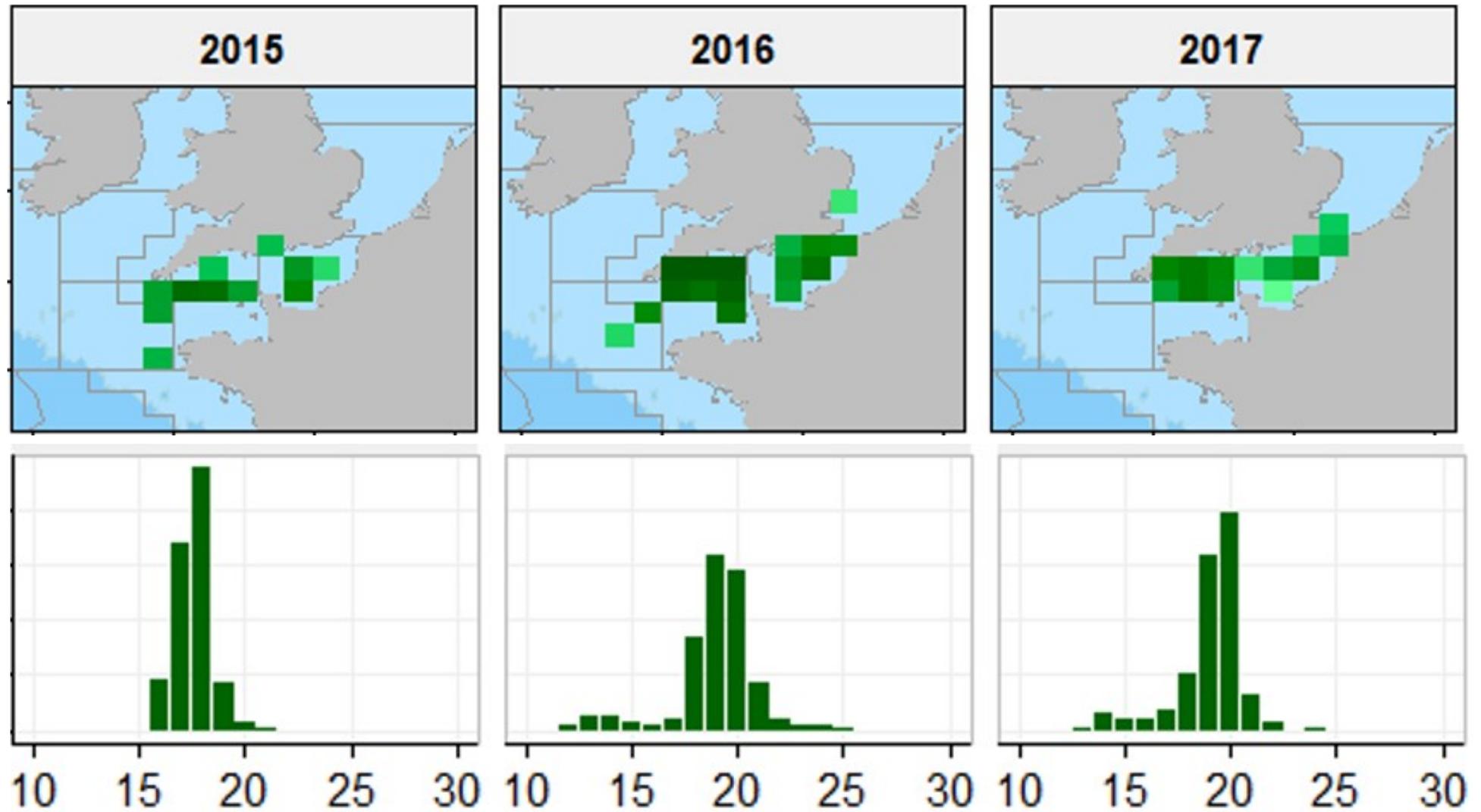
Combine backward with forward looking approach



Backwards: mapping of fishing grounds & catch rates



Forwards: length and species compositions per haul



This is sardine by the way

shing-industry science approach to redfish (and other

Potential for detailed insights into redfish populations

Backwards and forwards looking

Make sure there is **capacity to synthesize results**

Take the results to where they will be used.

Combine (where possible) with regular observer programme

Summing up: the three steps to the redfish



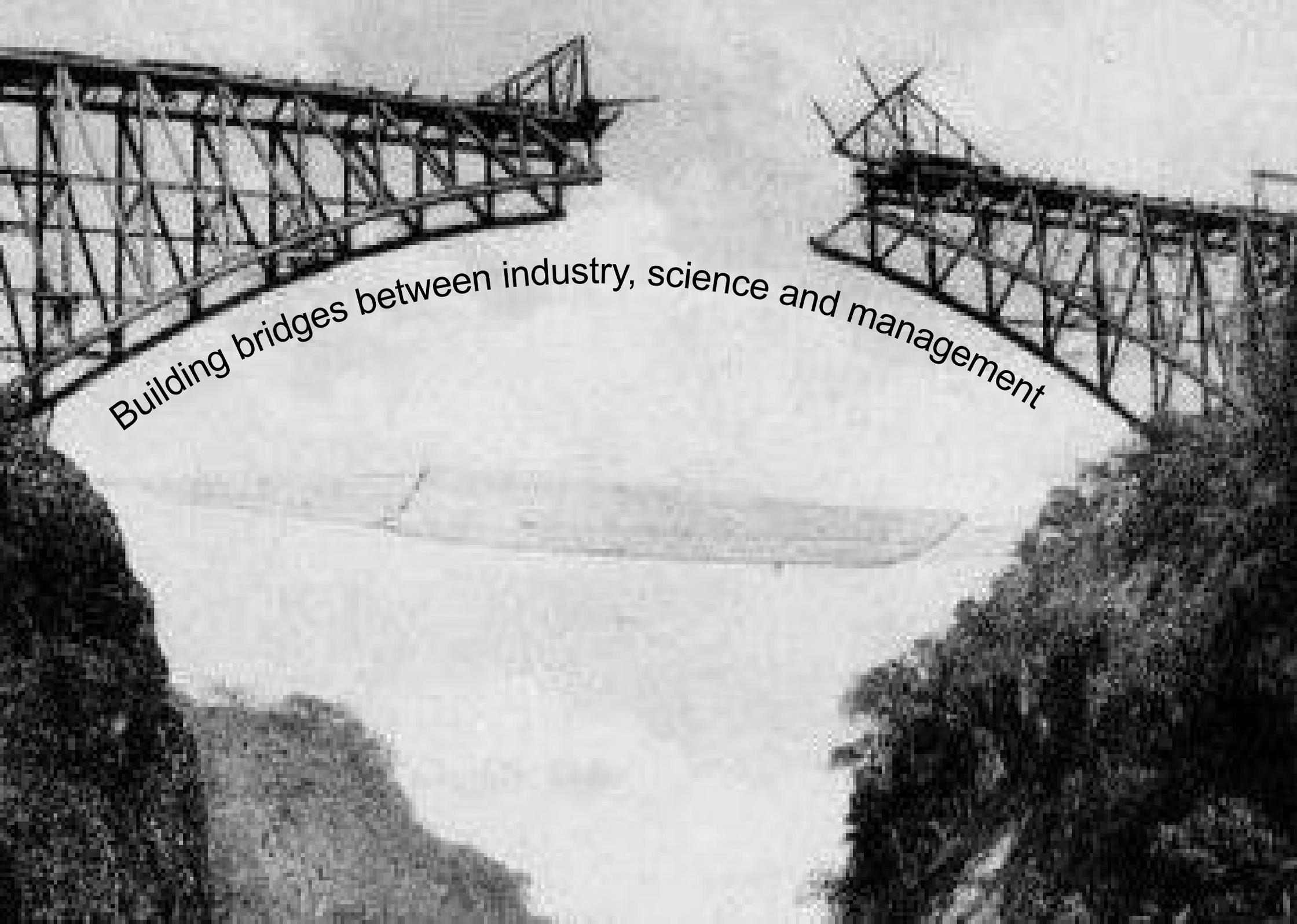
g-industry
ce



Pelagic self-
sampling approach



Application to
redfish etc.



Building bridges between industry, science and management

Fishing Industry Science: to improve science and management

R-
TION

